

RM40 MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



NFPA FIRE HAZARD IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

| I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|---|--|--|
| Trade Name(s): RM40 | | | | | |
| Generic Name(s): Sinter | ed Aluminum Silicate (CA | S No. 1318-93- | 0) | | |
| Chemical Name(s): Sodium aluminum Silicate (CAS No. 1318-93-0) | | | | | |
| Manufacturer:Oil Pollution Services LimitedAddress:Bedford HeightsManton Lane, Bedford MK41 7PH | | | Telephone Numbers: Information: +44 (0)1234 219775 EMERGENCY: +44 (0)7790 611860 | | |
| II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS | | | | | |
| Ingredient | CAS NO. | % | Hazard | | |
| Crystalline Silica (SiO ₂) as Quartz | 1408-60-7 | See note | Low concentrations of crystalline silica (SiO_2) in the form of quartz, may be present in airborne dust. See Section VI for discussion of health hazard | | |
| Note: Although the typical quartz content is in the range of 2% to 6% most of the quartz particles are larger than the 10 μ respirable threshold size. The actual respirable quartz concentration in airborne dust will depend upon RM40 source, fineness of product, moisture content of product, local humidity and wind condition at point of use and other use specific factors. | | | | | |
| III. PHYSICAL DATA | | | | | |
| Boiling Point (°F): NA | | | Specific Gravity (H ₂ O=1): 2.45-2.55 | | |
| Vapor Pressure (mm. Hg): NA | | | Melting Point: Approx. 1450°C | | |
| Vapor Density (Air = 1): NA | | | Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): NA | | |
| Solubility in Water: Insoluble, forms colloidal suspension. | | | pH: 8-10 (5% aqueous suspension) | | |
| Density (at 20° C): 2kg/l. as product. | | | | | |
| Appearance and Odor: White grey as dry powder. No odour. | | | | | |
| IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA | | | | | |
| Flash Point: NA | | | Flammable Limits: LEL: NA UEL: NA | | |
| Special Fire Fighting Procedures: NA | | | | | |
| Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None. Product will not support combustion. | | | | | |
| Extinguishing Media: None for product. Any media can be used for the packaging. Product becomes slippery when wet. | | | | | |
| V. REACTIVITY | | | | | |
| Stability: Stable | | | | | |
| Hazardous Polymerization: None | | | | | |
| Incompatibility: None | | | | | |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products: None | | | | | |
| NA = Not Applicable | ND = Not Determined | | | | |

VI. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

Routes of Exposure and Effects: Skin: Possible drying resulting in dermatitis Eves: Mechanical irritant Inhalation: Acute (short term) exposure to dust levels exceeding the PEL may cause irritation of respiratory tract resulting in a drv cough. Chronic (long term) exposure to airborne bentonite dust containing respirable size (10 µ) quartz particles, where respirable quartz particle levels are higher than TLV's, may lead to development of silicosis or other respiratory problems. Persistent dry cough and laboured breathing upon exertion may be symptomatic. Ingestion: No adverse effects Permissible Exposure Limits: **OSHA PEL** ACGIH TLV (for air contaminants) (8hr. TWA) As "Particulates not otherwise regulated" (formerly nuisance dust) Total dust 15mg/m^3 ND ND Respirable dust 5mg/m³ Crystalline Quartz (respirable) 0.1mg/m^3 0.1mg/m^3 Carcinogenicity: Aluminium Sodium Silicate is not listed by NTP or OSHA. IARC, 1997, concludes that there is sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of inhaled crystalline silica from occupational sources (IARC Class 1), that carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied and that carcinogenicity may depend on characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity.

| Acute Oral LD ₅₀ : ND | Acute Dermal LD ₅₀ : ND | Aquatic Toxicology LC ₅₀ : ND |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Skin: Wash with soap and water until clean.

Eyes: Flush with water until irritation ceases.

Inhalation: Move to area free from dust. If symptoms of irritation persist contact physician. Inhalation may aggravate existing respiratory illness.

VII. HANDLING AND USE PRECAUTIONS

Steps to be taken if Material is Released or Spilled: Avoid breathing dust; wear respirator approved for dust. Vacuum up to avoid generating airborne dust. Avoid using water. Product slippery when wetted.

Waste Disposal Methods: Product should be disposed of in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.

Handling and Storage Precautions: Use NIOSH/MSHA respirators approved for silica bearing dust when containing airborne silica dust levels exceed PEL/TLV's. Clean up spills promptly to avoid making dust. Storage area floors may become slippery if wetted.

VIII. INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE CONTROL MEASURES

Ventilation Requirements: Mechanical, general room ventilation. Use local ventilation to maintain PEL's/TLV's.

Respirator: Use respirators approved by NIOSH/MSHA for silica dust.

Eye Protection: Generally not necessary. Personal preference.

Gloves: Generally not necessary. Personal preference.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: None

IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Avoid prolonged inhalation of airborne dust.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HAZARDOUS MATERIAL INFORMATION

| Shipping Name: NA (Not Regulated) | Hazard Class: NA |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Hazardous Substance: NA | Caution Labeling: NA |

Date Revised: March 2009

Doc #: 10000-01

All information presented herein is believed to be accurate, however, it is the user's responsibility to determine in advance of need that the information is current and suitable for their circumstances. No warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied is made by Oil Pollution Services Ltd. as to this information, or as to the safety, toxicity or effect of the use of this product.